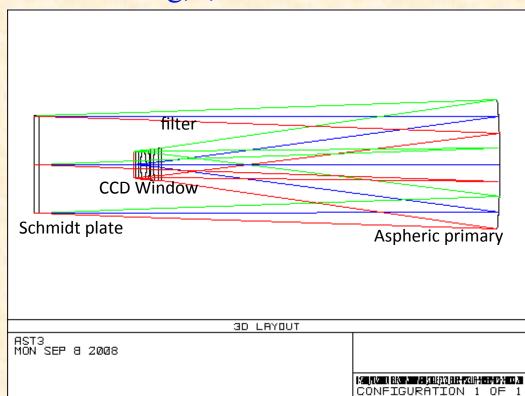


## Outline

- 1. AST3 basics
- 2. AST3 in 2013/2014
- 3. AST3 in 2015

#### Antactic Survey Telescope x 3 (AST3)

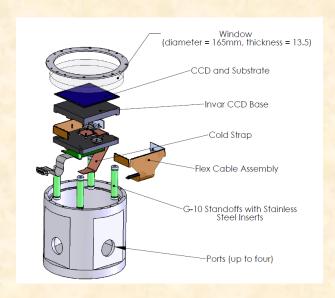
- Three 50/68cm modified Schmidt Telescopes (NIAOT);
  - spherical corrector
  - short tube (optical length 2.4m)
  - aberration correction
  - atmosphere dispersion corrector (ADC)
- Filters: g, r, i

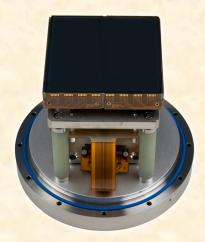




#### **AST3 CCD Camera**

- CCD camera (STA1600-FT)
  - 10k x 10k
  - 9 micron/pixel
- Plate Scale: 1"/pixel



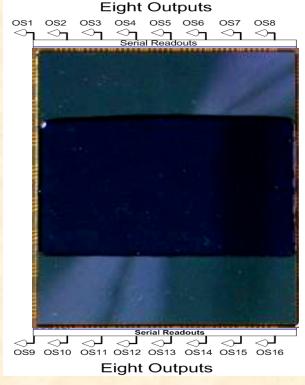




#### AST3 CCD Camera

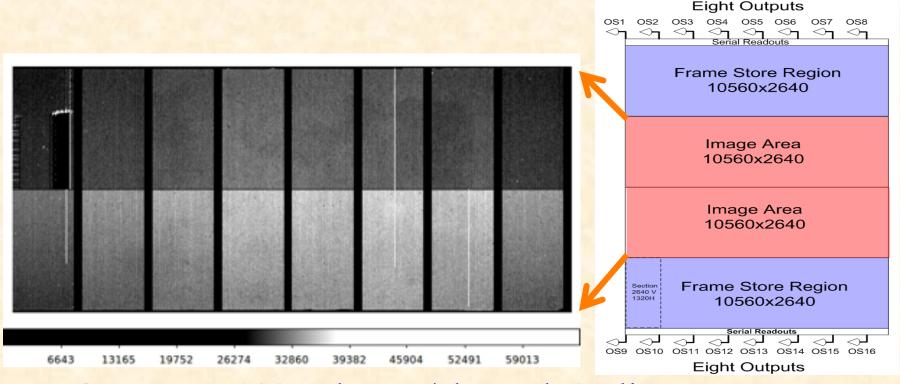
- No shutter, to avoid mechanical failure
- Operated in Frame Transfer mode, 10k x 5k
- FOV: ~4.3 sq. degree
- 16 readout channels for fast readout





#### AST3 CCD Camera

- No shutter, to avoid mechanical failure
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- FOV: ~4.3 sq. degree
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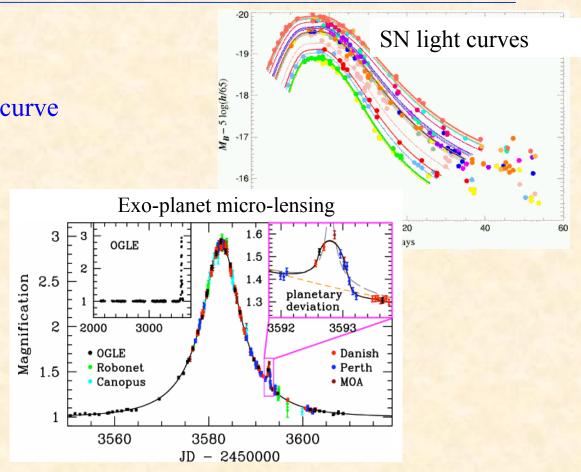


• Overscan: 180 columns/channel, 20 lines

## AST3 Sciences--- Time domain astronomy

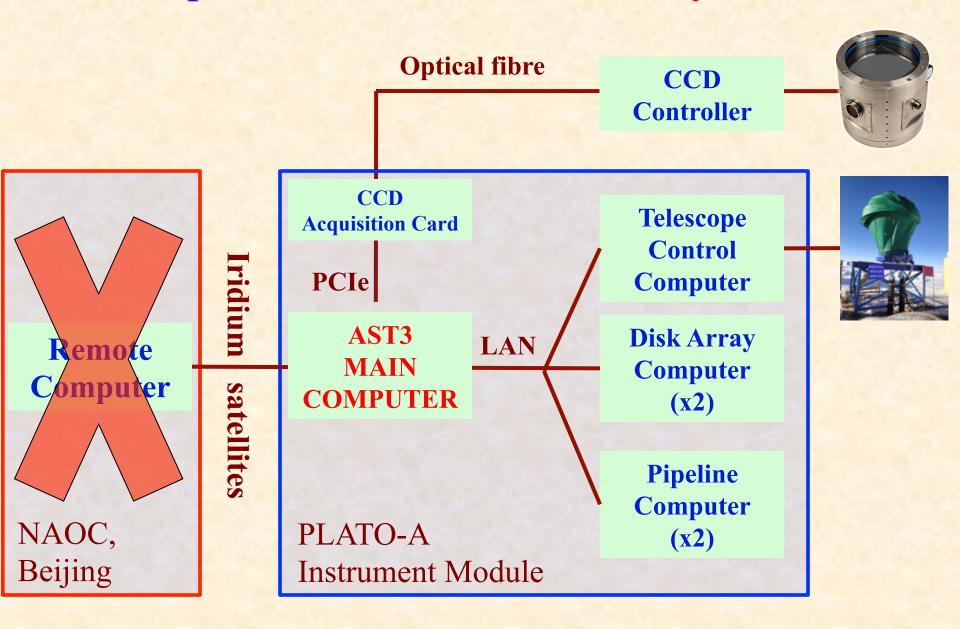
#### Supernova

- Very early discovery
- Uniform, multi-color light-curve
- Exoplanets
  - Transients
  - Micro-lensing
- Variable stars
- Quasar, AGN
- Gamma-ray bursts
- LMC,SMC
  - Nova
  - Micro-lensing



•

### **AST3 Operation — unattended, fully automatic**



## AST3 Control, Operation and Data (COD) System for low temperature, low air pressure, unattended operation

- 1. Customized computer systems
- 2. Customized data storage system
- 3. Lots of redundancies (every possible spot)
- 4. Complicated survey software (to ensure fully automatic operation)
  - Survey control (telescope, CCD, data...)
  - Survey scheduling (obs. efficiency)
  - Real-time Pipeline and database (bandwidth too low to transfer images)
  - Transient alert
  - Logs of everything





## Hardware Redundancy to reduce single-point failure

- Data Storage (computer+disk array) x 2
- Pipeline computer x 2
- Multiple power control PDU

#### For 2013 improvments:

- Main Computer x 2
- Power supply x 2
- CCD Fiber-optic Communication x 2
- Computer network (2 Ethernet cards, 1 USB wireless card)



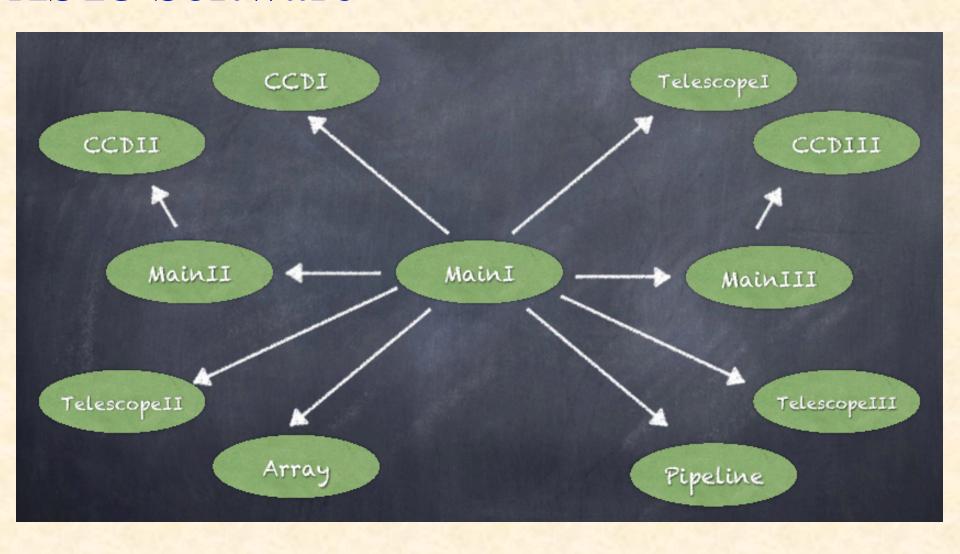
### **AST3 Software**

### **AST3SUITE**

- Related softwares: ast3(STA), tcc(NIAOT), strategy.py(NAOC).
- <u>Daemons</u>: long-term running processes that provide various of services, start after system booting, including ast3strategyd ast3grabd ast3arrayd ast3filed ast3seriald ast3logd
- Basic command: client programs that user's run them to execute a single task, including ast3strategy, ccd telescope ast3sendfile ast3serial ast3log.
- **Scripts**: glue basic commands together to complete observation, including ast3skysurvey



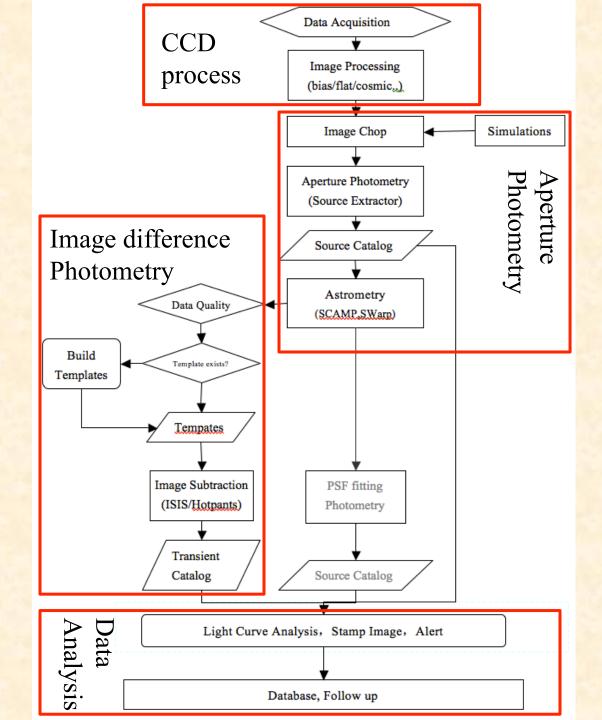
## **AST3 Software**



AST3SUITE for 3 telescopes

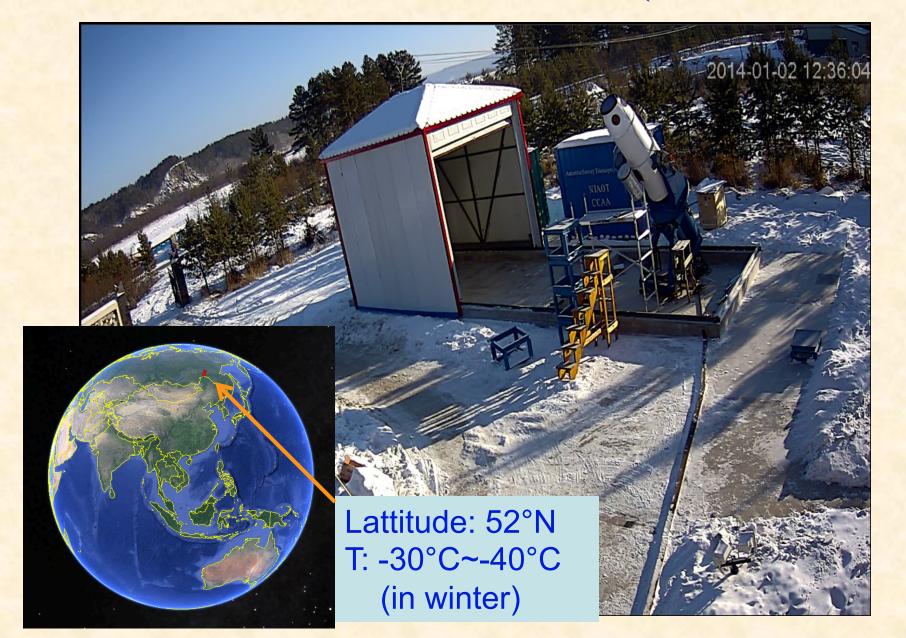
#### **Photometry Pipeline**

- Aperture photometry
  - => all sources
- Image difference photometry
  - => transients
- Built on OpenSource softwares
- Optimization (e.g. parallelizing)
- Detailed tests to ensure accuracy and reliability



## AST3 in 2013/2014

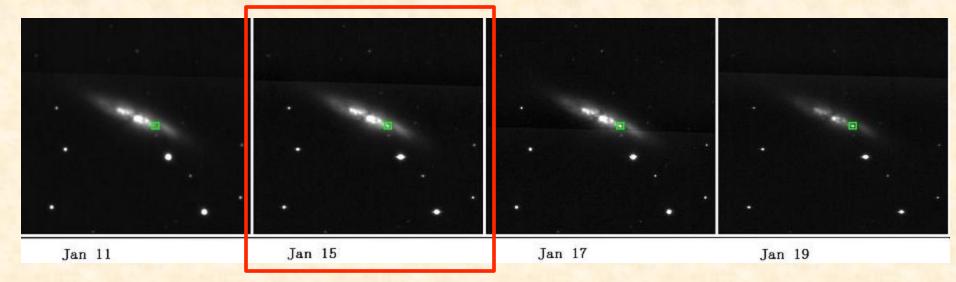
#### Intensive tests of AST3-2 at Mohe (5 months last winter)



## AST3-2 Mohe Test – SN Survey

Test of Automatic Photometry Pipeline with real data: (both aperture photometry and image subtraction)

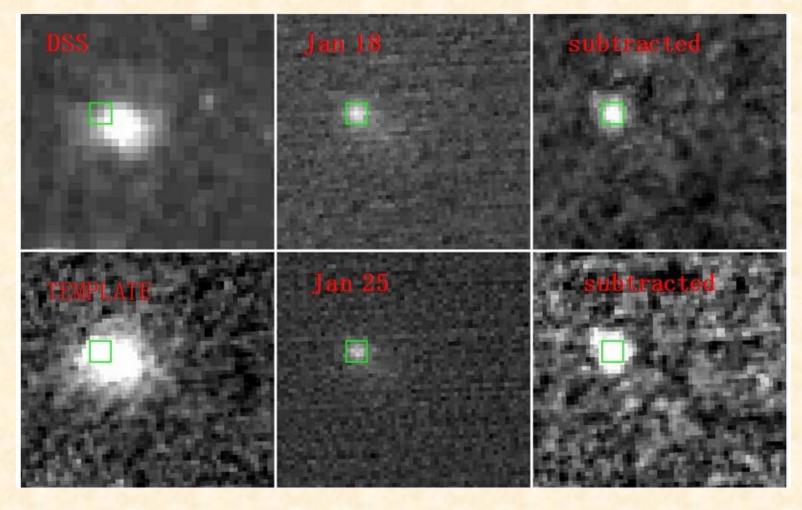
- Dec 27 started pipeline
- Jan 3 made templates
- Jan 8 started subtraction
- Jan 15 setup varible candidates website



AST3-2 images (SN2014J in M82)

## AST3-2 Mohe Test – SN Survey

#### AST3-2 Discovered SN2014M



Spectroscopically confirmed by Lijiang 2.4m (TNT group)

## Real-time Transient Candidates Website

# Variable Candidates by AST3 @ Mohe HOME BACK NEXT near a galaxy

## AST3-2 Mohe Test—simulating Dome A operation

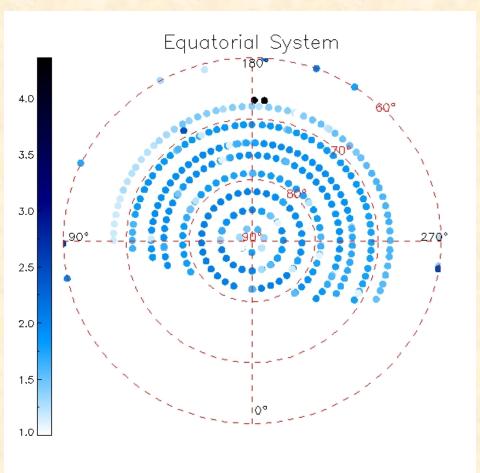
#### COD: Control, Operation and Data system

- Computers never failed for 5 months
- Fully automatic operation (unattended)
- Data storage succeeded
- Pipeline succeeded

#### More work on:

- optimize survey strategy
- pipeline
  - generate light curves
  - auto-identify variables

•



Log(# of images)

## 2014.10.31

• The 31st Chinese Antarctica Research Expedition left Shanghai.



• AST3-2 was installed in Jan. 2015

## AST3 in 2015

• Fujia DU (杜福嘉), Zhengyang LI (李正阳)



#### Dome A

- 4100m
- -30°C to -40°C

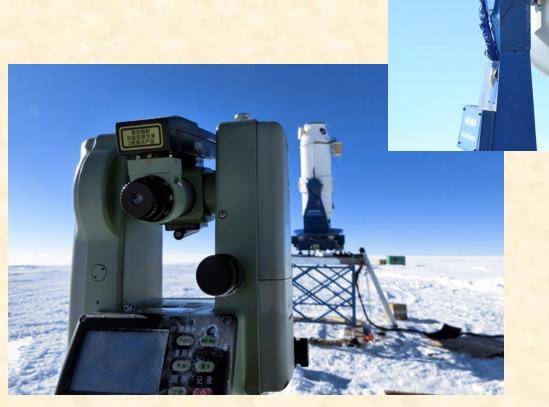


Dec. 30, 2014 ---Jan 23, 2015 (only 25 days)

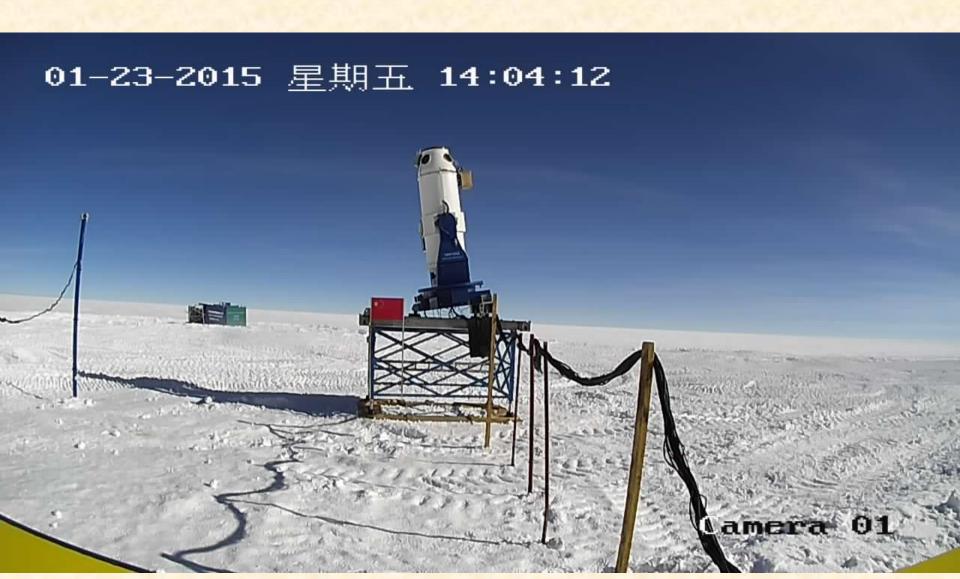
中国南极天文中心

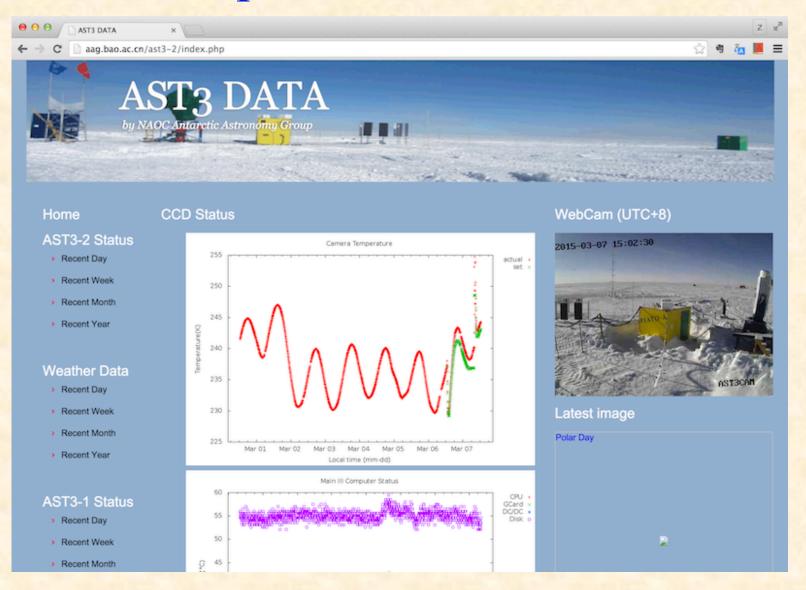
#### Dome A

- 4100m
- -30°C to -40°C

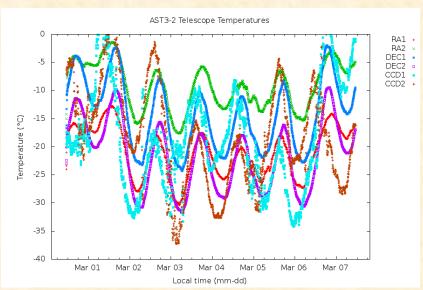


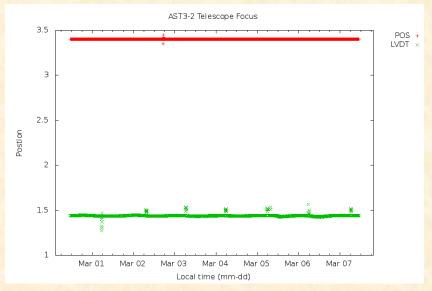
Dec. 30, 2014 --Jan 23, 2015
(only 25 days)

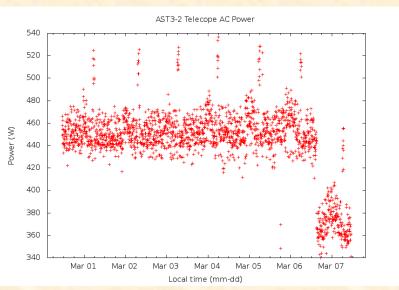


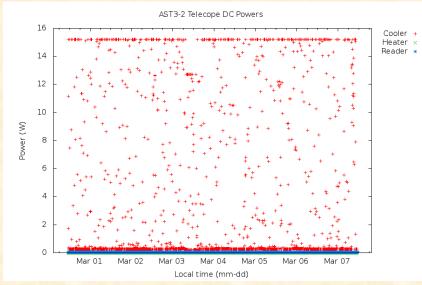


http://aag.bao.ac.cn/ast3-2/

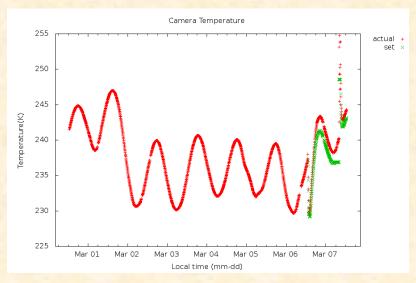


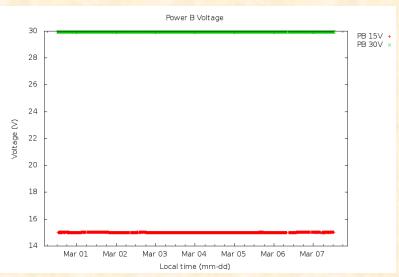


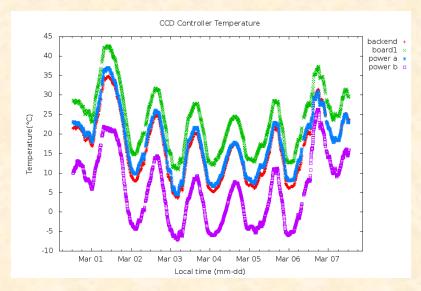


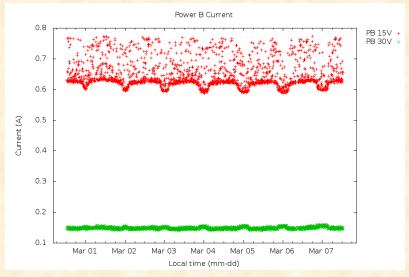


Telescope status

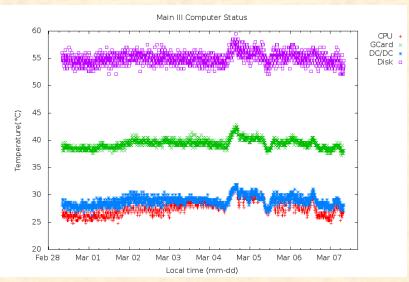


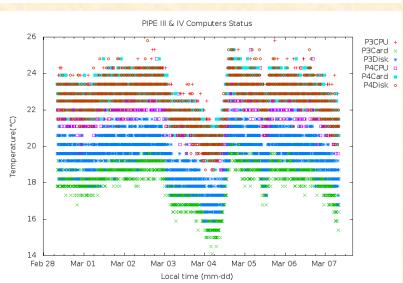


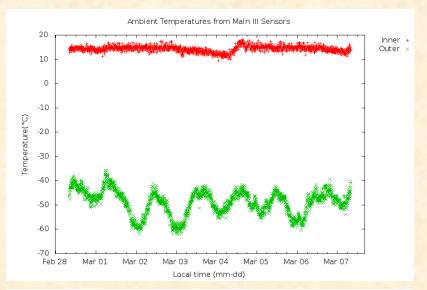


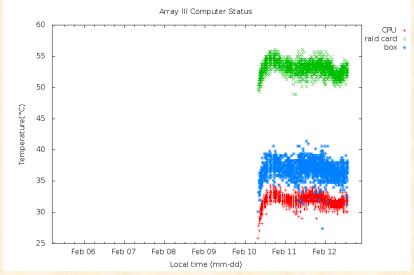


#### CCD camera status









#### COD (operation) status

## 2015 Survey Scheduler

## Telescope + CCD camera status

- Readout time
  - 2.5 sec for fast mode
  - 40 sec for slow mode
- Exposure time
  - 2.5 min/field (including overhead)

## 2015 Survey Scheduler (redesigned)

## Survey Modes

- SN survey
  - 1000 sq. degrees (about 250 fields)
  - cadence ~ 1 day
  - redesigned to assign different priorities for different fields
- Exo-planet survey mode
  - 2 fields: continuous, repeated observations
- Special mode
  - Observe immediately when triggered

## 2015 Survey Scheduler

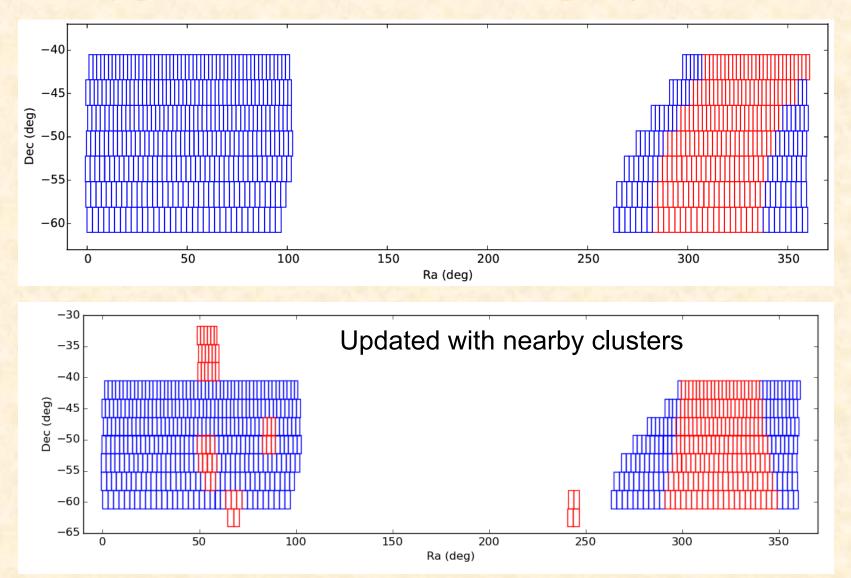
## SN Survey

Automatically select the best field from the pre-defined survey areas, maximizing the efficiency.

- Assign priorities to fields
- •Galactic latitude > 20°
- Low sky background
  - •Sun altitude < -13°
  - Moon distance and phase
- •Zenith distance <50°
- Minimize telescope motion

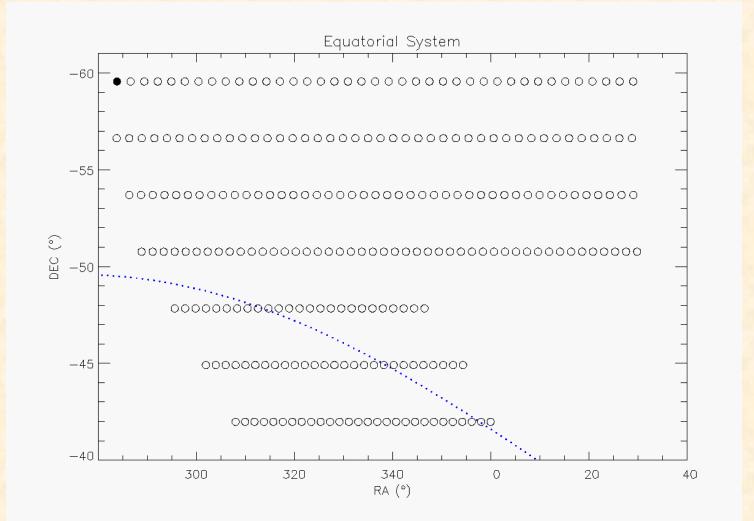
## 2015 Survey Scheduler

SN survey pre-defined fields (~ 2000 sq. deg, 500 fields)



## 2015 Survey Scheduling

Simulation for June 25, 2015

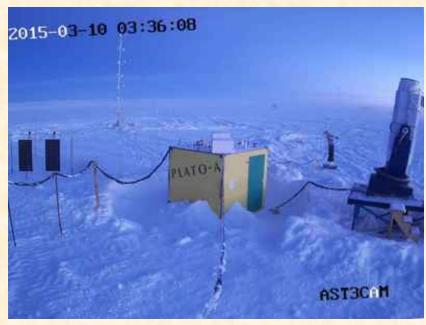


red line: telescope position limit

blue curve: zenith distance=50 deg

#### It is getting darker at Dome A!





We look forward to a successful observing season.

Thanks!

